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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/827,029	04/05/2001	James M. Barton	TIVO0003C	9852
29989 7590 06/19/2007 HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER, LLP 2055 GATEWAY PLACE			EXAMINER	
			DANG, HUNG Q	
SUITE 550 SAN JOSE, CA 95110		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/827,029	BARTON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hung Q. Dang	2621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be a vailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was really received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status .						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Fe	ebruary 2007.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>131-286</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>131-286</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 April 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
I) 🔯 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .	6) Other:	in the second se				

Continuation of Attachment(s) 3). Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08), Paper No(s)/Mail Date :04/06/2005, 08/15/2005, 08/16/2005, 08/29/2005, 01/17/2006, 02/1 0/2006, 02/27/2006, 03/29/2006, 05/10/2006, 02/12/2007.

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 02/12/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claim 131, at pages 48-49, Applicant argues that Kawamura does not teach or disclose a system that (1) identifies starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream and (2) time stamps associated with video frames and (3) storing on a storage device the MPEG stream, starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream and time stamps associated with the video frames, (4) the storage device additionally containing a plurality of previously stored MPEG streams, starting locations of video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams and time stamps associated with the video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams.

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Regarding limitation (1) above, Kawamura clearly discloses the step of identifying the entry packet, which marks the starting location of an I-frame within the MPEG stream in column 9, lines 8-21. The MPEG stream consists of a plurality of GOP (Group of Picture), each of which includes an I-frame. And the MPEG stream consists of a plurality of I-frames. In other words, Kawamura clearly discloses the step of identifying the starting locations of I-frames, which are video frames within the MPEG stream. Similarly, in column 11, lines 40-67 Kawamura discloses the step of identifying and obtaining the time stamp associated with the I-frame in a GOP so that to generate the time stamps of other frames in the GOP. As described above, an MPEG stream consists of a plurality of GOP (Group of

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Picture), each of which includes an I-frame. So logically, Kawamura clearly discloses identifying time stamps associated with I frames, which are video frames within the MPEG stream, and limitation (2) above is fully disclosed. Furthermore, Kawamura also discloses storing on a storage device the MPEG stream in column 3, lines 52-55, storing the entry packet positions which marks starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream in column 8, lines 21-28, 40-49, and storing time stamps associated with I-frames, which are the video frames, in the GOP header in column 11, lines 55-59. In other words, the limitation (3) is fully disclosed by Kawamura. Regarding limitation (4) above, it is noted that the device disclosed by Kawamura can be used to repeat the recoding process of many MPEG streams and their associated information as described in (2) and (3) into the recording medium. For example, when it finishes recording of the first MPEG stream and its associated information as described in (2) and (3) to the recoding medium, it can be used to record a second MPEG stream and its associated information as described in (2) and (3) to the recording medium. And when it finishes recording of the second MPEG stream and associated information as described in (2) and (3), it can be used to record a third MPEG stream and its associated information as described in (2) and (3) to the recording medium. At the time of recording of the third MPEG stream and its associated information as described in (2) and (3), the recording medium is the storage device that has the first and second MPEG streams and their associated information as described in (2) and (3) previously stored. In other words, Kawamura clearly discloses "the storage device additionally containing a plurality of previously stored MPEG streams, starting locations of video frames within each of the

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previously stored MPEG streams and time stamps associated with the video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams."

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statements filed 02/27/2006, 05/10/2006 fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

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consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 131-136, 139-141,143-149, 152-154, 156-162, 165-167, 178-180, 182-188, 191-193, 195-201, 204-206, 208-214, 217-219, 221-227, 230-232, 234-240, 243-245, 247-253, 256-258, 260-266, 269-271, 273-279, 282-284, and 286 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawamura et al. (US 5,719,982) and Wagner (US Patent 5,600,379).

Regarding claim 131, Kawamura et al discloses a method for storage and display of multimedia data (Figs. 7-8), comprising the steps of: receiving a digital stream (col. 3, lines 56-67; Fig. 7); extracting from the digital television stream an MPEG stream that contains a plurality of video frames and time stamps associated with the video frames (col. 11, lines 40-67); identifying starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream and time stamps associated with video frames (col. 11, lines 40-67); storing on a storage device the MPEG stream, starting locations of video frames within the MPEG. stream and time stamps associated with the video frames, the storage device additionally containing a plurality of previously stored MPEG streams, starting location of video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams and time stamps associated with the video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams (col. 11, lines 40-67); accepting a user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); in response to the user control command, selecting a particular video frame from within a particular MPEG stream stored on the storage device using a time stamp associated with the selected particular video frame (col. 13, lines 1-18); retrieving the

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selected particular video frame using a stored starting location of the selected particular video frame (col. 13, lines 11-44 and col. 14, lines 5-10); and sending the selected particular video frame for display (col. 14, lines 5-10).

However, Kawamura et al. do not disclose the digital stream to be a digital television stream.

Wagner discloses a digital television receiver that receives a digital television stream (Fig. 1; column 3, lines 48-50).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to incorporate the receiving of the digital television stream as disclosed by Wagner into the method disclosed by Kawamura to record television signals so that good programs can be reviewed at a later time. The incorporated feature would enhance the user interface significantly.

Regarding claim 132, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the particular video frame is a video I-frame (col. 11, lines 53-67).

Regarding claim 133, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the retrieving step further comprises: adjusting video frame rate delivery for display of additional video frames in response to the user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); adjusting video frame retrieval direction from the particular MPEG stream in response to the user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

Regarding claim 134, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the retrieving step further comprises: adjusting video frame rate delivery for display of additional video frames in response to a second user control command (col. 12, line 66).

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to col. 13, line 10); adjusting video frame retrieval direction from the particular MPEG stream in response to the second user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

Regarding claim 135, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the selecting step substitutes a second storage device for the storage device and selects a particular video frame from within a particular MPEG stream stored on the second storage device using a time stamp associated with the selected particular video frame (col. 11, lines 40-67).

Regarding claim 136, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on a user control command (col. 3, lines 56-67).

Regarding claim 139, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the storing step further comprises switching to a second storage device for MPEG stream storage (col. 11, lines 40-67).

Regarding claim 140, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the receiving step further comprises switching to a second digital television stream (col. 11, lines 40-67) in the view that it can be used to record another television stream.

Regarding claim 141, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the selecting step further comprises: in response to a second user command, selecting a second particular video frame from a second MPEG stream stored on the storage device (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); wherein the retrieving step further comprises: retrieving the selected second particular video frame (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10);

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and wherein the sending step further comprises: sending the selected particular video frame and the selected second particular video frame to different destinations for display (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

Regarding claim 143, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the storage device is a hard disk (col. 1, lines 46-53).

Claim 144 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 131 above and additional Kawamura et al discloses the claimed audio frame (col. 3, lines 47-51).

Claim 145 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 132 above.

Claim 146 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 133 above.

Claim 147 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 134 above.

Claim 148 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 135 above.

Claim 149 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 136 above.

Claim 152 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 139 above.

Claim 153 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 140 above.

Claim 154 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 141 above and additional Kawamura et al discloses the claimed audio frame (col. 3, lines 47-51).

Claim 156 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 143 above.

Apparatus claims 183-188, 191-193, 195-201,204-206, and 208 are rejected for the same reasons as discussed in the method claims 131-136, 139-141,143-149, 152-154, and 156, respectively.

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Apparatus claims 235-240, 243-245, 247-253, 256-258, and 260 are rejected for the same reasons as discussed in the method claims 131-136, 139-141,143-149, 152-154, and 156, respectively.

Regarding claim 157. Kawamura et al discloses a method for storage and display of multimedia data (Figs. 7-8), comprising the steps of: receiving a video signal (col. 3, lines 56-67; Fig. 7); encoding from the television signal an MPEG stream that contains a plurality of video frames and time stamps associated with the video frame (video encoder 1 disclosed in col. 3, lines 47-51 and col. 11, lines 40-67); identifying starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream and time stamps associated with video frames (col. 11, lines 40-67); storing on a storage device the MPEG stream, starting locations of video frames within the MPEG stream and time stamps associated with the video frames, the storage device additionally containing a plurality of previously stored MPEG streams, starting location of video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams and time stamps associated with the video frames within each of the previously stored MPEG streams (col. 11, lines 40-67); accepting a user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); in response to the user control command, selecting a particular video frame from within a particular MPEG stream stored on the storage device using a time stamp associated with the selected particular video frame (col. 13, lines 1-18); retrieving the selected particular video frame using a stored starting location of the selected particular video frame (col. 13, lines 11-44 and col. 14, lines 5-10); and sending the selected particular video frame for display (col. 14, lines 5-10).

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However, Kawamura et al does not discloses that the video signal to be an analog television signal.

Wagner discloses a television receiver that receives an analog television signal (Fig. 2 - Fig.4).

One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have been motivated to incorporate the receiving of an analog television signal as disclosed by Wagner into the method disclosed by Kawamura to record television signals since it merely amounts to selecting readily available video format.

Regarding claim 158, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the particular video frame is a video I-frame (col. 11, lines 53-67).

Regarding claim 159, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the retrieving step further comprises: adjusting video frame rate delivery for display of additional video frames in response to the user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); adjusting video frame retrieval direction from the particular MPEG stream in response to the user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

Regarding claim 160, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the retrieving step further comprises: adjusting video frame rate delivery for display of additional video frames in response to a second user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); adjusting video frame retrieval direction from the particular MPEG stream in response to the second user control command (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

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Regarding claim 161, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the selecting step substitutes a second storage device for the storage device and selects a particular video frame from within a particular MPEG stream stored on the second storage device using a time stamp associated with the selected particular video frame (col. 11, lines 40-67).

Regarding claim 162, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on a user control command (col. 3, lines 56-67).

Regarding claim 165, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the storing step further comprises switching to a second storage device for MPEG stream storage (col. 11, lines 40-67).

Regarding claim 166, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the receiving step further comprises switching to a second analog television signal (col. 11, lines 40-67) in the view that it can be used to record another analog television signal.

Regarding claim 167, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the selecting step further comprises: in response to a second user command, selecting a second particular video frame from a second MPEG stream stored on the storage device (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); wherein the retrieving step further comprises: retrieving the selected second particular video frame (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10); and wherein the sending step further comprises: sending the selected particular video frame and the selected second particular video frame to different destinations for display (col. 12, line 66 to col. 13, line 10).

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Regarding claim 169, Kawamura et al discloses the claimed wherein the storage device is a hard disk (col. 1, lines 46-53).

Claim 170 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 157 above and additional Kawamura et al discloses the claimed audio frame (col. 3, lines 47-51).

Claim 171 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 158 above.

Claim 172 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 159 above.

Claim 173 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 160 above.

Claim 174 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 161 above.

Claim 175 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 162 above.

Claim 178 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 165 above.

Claim 179 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 166 above.

Claim 180 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 167 above and additionally Kawamura et al discloses the claimed audio frame (col. 3, lines 47-51).

Claim 182 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 169 above.

Apparatus claims 209-214, 217-219, 221-227, 230-232, and 234 are rejected for the same reasons as discussed in the method claims 157-162, 165-167, 169-175, 178-180, and 182, respectively.

Apparatus claims 261-266, 269-271,273-279, 282-284, and 286 are rejected for the same reasons as discussed in the method claims 157-162, 165-167, 169-175, 178-180, and 182, respectively.

Claims 137, 142, 150, 155, 163, 168, 176, 181,189, 194, 202, 207, 215, 220, 228, 233, 241,246, 254, 259, 267, 272, 280, and 285 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

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103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawamura et al (US 5,719,982) and Wagner (US Patent 5,600,379) as applied to claims 131-136, 139-141,143-149, 152-154, 156-162, 165-167, 178-180, 182-188, 191-193, 195-201, 204-206, 208-214, 217-219, 221-227, 230-232, 234-240, 243-245, 247-253, 256-258, 260-266, 269-271, 273-279, 282-284, and 286 above, and further in view of Logan et al (Re. 36,801).

Regarding claim 137, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 131 above except for providing that the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on date and time.

Logan et al teaches that the invention also advantageously includes a clock/calendar unit 15 which is connected to the microprocessor 11 to automatically activate the system at scheduled times. In this way, the system need not be in continuous operation but may instead be activated in advance of scheduled use so that the memory subsystem 5 is fully loaded with prior programming at the time viewing begins in col. 3, lines 38-45.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to in corporate the clock/calendar unit 15 as taught by Logan et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner's system in order to automatically activate the system at scheduled times.

Regarding claim 142, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claims 131 and 141 above except for providing sending the selected particular video frame and the selected second particular video frame to different areas within a display.

Logan et al also teaches that picture-in-picture or "PIP" feature is commonly available in col. 5, lines 38-50.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the picture-in-picture feature as taught by Logan et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner's system in order to display plurality of television programs on a single television screen.

Claim 150 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

Claim 155 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 142 above.

Regarding claim 163, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 157 above except for providing that the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on date and time.

Logan et al teaches that the invention also advantageously includes a clock/calendar unit 15 which is connected to the microprocessor 11 to automatically activate the system at scheduled times. In this way, the system need not be in continuous operation but may instead be activated in advance of scheduled use so that the memory subsystem 5 is fully loaded with prior programming at the time viewing begins in col. 3, lines 38-45.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to in corporate the clock/calendar unit 15 as taught by Logan et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner's system in order to automatically activate the system at scheduled times.

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Regarding claim 168, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claims 157 and 167 above except for providing sending the selected particular video frame and the selected second particular video frame to different areas within a display.

Logan et al also teaches that picture-in-picture or "PIP" feature is commonly available in col. 5, lines 38-50.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the picture-in-picture feature as taught by Logan et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner's system in order to display plurality of television programs on a single television screen.

Claim 176 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 163 above.

Claim 181 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 168 above.

Claim 189 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

Claim 194 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 142 above.

Claim 202 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

Claim 207 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 142 above.

Claim 215 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 163 above.

Claim 220 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 168 above.

Claim 228 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 163 above.

Claim 233 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 168 above.

Claim 241 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

Claim 246 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

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Claim 254 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 137 above.

Claim 259 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 142 above.

Claim 267 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 163 above.

Claim 272 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 168 above.

Claim 280 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 163 above.

Claim 285 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 168 above.

Claims 138, 151,164, 177, 190, 203, 216, 229, 242, 255, 268, and 281 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawamura et al (US 5,719,982) and Wagner (US Patent 5,600,379) as applied to claims 131-136, 139-141,143-149, 152-154, 156-162, 165-167, 178-180, 182-188, 191-193, 195-201, 204-206, 208-214, 217-219, 221-227, 230-232, 234-240, 243-245, 247-253, 256-258, 260-266, 269-271, 273-279, 282-284, and 286 above, and further in view Yuen et al (US 5,488,409).

Regarding claim 138, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 131 above except for providing that the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on a particular word or particular phrase in the digital television stream.

Yuen et al teaches an apparatus and method for tracking the playing of VCR programs including means for automatically selecting the broadcast signal for tuner based on particular word or phrase in said broadcast signal (program guide disclosed col. 31, lines 29-41).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the capability of selecting video program based on program guide as taught by Yuen et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner system in order to increase the flexibility of Logan et al by programming the video recorder using the program guide for recording shows during his absence or sleep.

Claim 151 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 138 above.

Regarding claim 164, the proposed combination of Kawamura et al. and Wagner discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 157 above except for providing that the extracting step extracts an MPEG stream based on a particular word or particular phrase in the digital television stream.

Yuen et al teaches an apparatus and method for tracking the playing of VCR programs including means for automatically selecting the broadcast signal for tuner based on particular word or phrase in said broadcast signal (program guide disclosed col. 31, lines 29-41).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the capability of selecting video program based on program guide as taught by Yuen et al into Kawamura et al. and Wagner system in order to increase the flexibility of Logan et al by programming the video recorder using the program guide for recording shows during his absence or sleep.

Claim 177 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 164 above. Claim 190 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 138 above. Claim 203 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 138 above.

Claim 216 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 164 above.

Claim 229 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 164 above.

Claim 242 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 138 above.

Claim 255 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 138 above.

Claim 268 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 164 above.

Claim 281 is rejected for the same reasons as discussed in claim 164 above.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung Q. Dang whose telephone number is 571-270-1116. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th:7:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thai Tran can be reached on 571-272-7382. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Hung Dang Patent Examiner

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